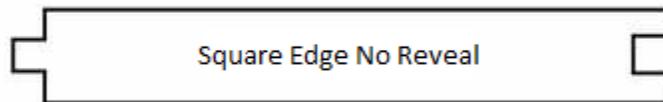




3145 County Hwy G, Rhinelander, WI 54501
Ph. 715-369-5700, www.enterprisewood.com

Pioneer Pine/Rough Sawn Pine Paneling and Flooring

Square Edge Profile



Thickness: .750"

Widths/Face Coverage: 3" , 5" , 7" , 8-3/4"

- Pricing may vary depending on face coverage.
- Select widths available upon request for an additional charge pending availability.

Lengths: Random lengths of 12" to 96" minimizes waste.

- Specific Lengths available upon request for an additional charge pending availability.
- Available end-matched or not end-matched.

Texturing Options: Original Face, Skip-Planed

- Original Face will have frequent height variation from board to board and sometimes within a piece. This is the original patina of the wood. Band sawn and/or circle sawn kerf character may be present as well as sticker marks.
- Skip-Planed will remove some of the board to board variation by slightly planing down high spots and removing some of the original patina of the wood. This causes greater color variation between dark and light within a board.

Grades: Rustic

- Rustic wood grades contain knots and the most color & character variation. There may be saw kerf patina and wood kiln sticker patina present in original face. Pioneer Pine will contain larger amounts of color variation and blue/grey stained character.

Finish Options: Unfinished, Patina Sanded, Tung Oil and Oil Based Polyurethane, Water Based Polyurethane

- Staining available for an additional charge.
- Staining original face and skip-planed surfaces will cause a large variation in color from piece to piece as the stain is taken differently depending on the surface and amount of sanding. Expect slight variation in color from samples to final product.

Acclimation: Recommended acclimation period of 2 weeks of proper storage at the job site.

- Keep proper humidity levels in your home or business between 35% to 55%
- It is recommended to measure humidity levels in your home using a hygrometer
- For wider width flooring such as 7" planks it is recommended the floor be installed within 30 days of storage at your job site.
- It is not recommended to store your wood flooring for long periods of time before installation to prevent natural changes to your wood such as expansion, contraction, cupping, checking, cracking, etc.. Wood is a natural resource that will act naturally if proper conditions are not maintained.

Reaction to Environmental Conditions

- Wood is a product of nature and will act naturally. It will expand and contract as it gains and loses moisture. Some gaps between boards during low-humidity seasons are normal and not considered a defect. Maintaining optimum humidity levels of 30 to 55% will minimize these occurrences. Allowing relative humidity levels to fall below 30% can result in structural damage to the floor or paneling such as large gaps, splits in the surface, distortion of the boards and structural failure. Humidity levels above 55% can result in surface warping and structural failure of boards.

Light Exposure:

- Varying changes (patina) can occur when wood is exposed to UV rays from sunlight, florescent, LED, and incandescent bulbs. Window coverings, UV resistant tint, solar screens can minimize but not eliminate this natural occurrence. Certain species are more susceptible to light & development of varying degrees/shades of patina, due to their high content of natural oils.

Board Variations (See texturing options above)

Maintenance: Pine is a softer wood and is more susceptible to scratches and dents.

- Sweeping with a soft bristle broom.
- Cleaning periodically with a professional wood floor cleaning product recommended by a wood flooring professional. Do not use sheet vinyl or tile floor cleaning products on wood floors. Self-polishing acrylic waxes can cause wood to become slippery and appear dull quickly.
- Do not wet-mop a wood floor. Standing water can dull the finish, damage the wood and leave a discoloring residue. Wipe up spills immediately with a slightly dampened towel. Do not over-wax a wood floor. If the floor dulls, try buffing instead. Avoid wax buildup under furniture and other light traffic areas by applying wax in these spots every other waxing session.
- Put soft plastic or fabric-faced glides under the legs of furniture to prevent scuffing and scratching. Avoid walking on your wood floors with cleats, sports shoes and high heels.
- When moving heavy furniture, do not slide it on wood flooring.
- For wood flooring in the kitchen, place an area rug in front of the kitchen sink. Use a humidifier throughout the winter months to keep wood movement and shrinkage to a minimum.
- Place mats and throw rugs at doorways to help protect wood floors from grit, dirt and sand.